

A review of known causes and effects of inhomogeneity in the surface temperature record

Katharine Willett¹, Claude Williams², Chris Wikle³, Lucie A. Vincent⁴, Victor Venema⁵, Olivier Mestre⁶, Robert Lund⁷, Ian Jolliffe⁸, Steve Easterbrook⁹, Aiguo Dai¹⁰, Stefan Brönniman¹¹, Lisa Alexander¹²

¹UK Met Office Hadley Centre, UK

²NCDC, USA

³Department of Statistics, University of Missouri, USA

⁴Climate Research Division, Environment Canada, Canada

⁵Meteorologisches Institut, University of Bonn, Germany

⁶Meteo France, France

⁷Department of Mathematical Sciences, Clemson University, USA

⁸Exeter Climate Systems, University of Exeter, UK

⁹Department of Computer Science, University of Toronto, Canada

¹⁰Climate and Global Dynamics Division, NCAR, USA

¹¹University of Bern, Switzerland

¹²Climate Change Research Centre, University of New South Wales, Australia

Abstract

Introduction

including an overview of the amount of inhomogeneity – very few stations are free from inhomogeneity – however, don't paint too dire a picture. The record is still worth working with.

Non-climatic Origins of Inhomogeneity

Instrument changes, recalibrations, change of equations/conversion tables used

List any known largescale changes – i.e. mid-1990s move to Automation in the USA (perhaps a table compiling the knowns)

Liquid-in-glass to other thermometer types

The Physical Effects Determining Changes in Temperature Readings

Essentially radiation and windspeed manifested through exposure, ground surface type

Station moves, instrument moves, recording time change, screen change

Tabulate any known changes, locations, dates.

Mention respective differences in changes to Tmax, Tmin and Tmean

Inhomogeneity Structure (as found from homogenisation efforts to date)

change to the mean and variance?

Seasonally varying (and diurnally for that matter – affecting Tmin and Tmax differently)

likely magnitudes

gradual inhomogeneities – urbanisation, land use

Likely frequency – i.e. GHCN – found approximately 1 break every 10 years

compound inhomogeneities – slopes and breaks together – graphics of known discontinuity patterns

Detecting the Inhomogeneity Signal Within the Real-world sNoise

annual cycle

natural variability (ENSO, NAO, Volcanoes, Solar Variability)

background long term trends

random error

covariance between stations

autocorrelation within a station series

Conclusions

Something about trying to get to the truth but not knowing when we've got there.

Acknowledgements

References